

The Persians & Greeks: Crash Course World History #5

- 1) Who was **Herodotus** (484-425 BCE) and what is he famous for?
- 2) Outline the **Persian Empire** of **Cyrus the Great** (600-530 BCE) and **Darius I** (550-486 BCE), how they were related, and what that meant for **Mesopotamia**.
- 3) Assess the advantages and disadvantages of being a **subject** inside of the **Persian Empire**.
- 4) Analyze the reasons for the success of the **monotheistic religion** of **Zoroastrianism** by comparing it to another religion of the time.
- 5) Who were the **Greeks** and how does ancient **Greek culture** influence modern day society?
- 6) Identify the high point of **Greek culture** and why it is known as such.
- 7) Analyze what the advantages were for the **Greeks** living in the **city states**.
- 8) Establish the reasons for the **Battle of Marathon** in 490 BCE between the **Persians** and the **Ionian Greeks** that ultimately led to the **Persian Wars** (490-480 BCE).

- 9) Analyze the words of **Pericles** (495-429 BCE) and how they relate to **democratic laws** today.

- 10) Outline the reasons for the conflict between Athens and Sparta in the **Peloponnesian Wars** (431-404 BCE) written during this time by historian **Thucydides** (460-395 BCE) in his book the **History of the Peloponnesian Wars.**

- 11) Explain **Athenian democracy** using examples of why life may not have been that great during this time period.